sion, showing that Irish Democrats were allowed to vote. The report in favor of the anti-Butler mer ed by the Committee, was unanim motion of Gen. Butler, Ward Six was next co body called out "platform" while he was talking on the floor, and he remarked that he would take the platform whenever it was necessary. [Loud ap-plause and laughter.] Geo. Shattuck, a prominent Boston lawyer, explained the case for the contestants who are anti-Butler men, showing that colored men from Cambridge voted there, and by a double do several times. The facts were supported by affidavits. several times. The facts were supported by as-Geo. L. Ruffin, a colored lawyer, who was a Representa-tive last Winter, gave the other side of the case, denying the statements which had been made. He was mildly applauded when he said that one man who had aworn that he saw colored men vote more than once, had said a short time before that he could not tell one nigger from another. Lufter Hore attempted to speak, as Chairwrangling in cancus. from another. Judge Hoar stempted to speak, as Chair-man of the Committee, when there were loud cries of "question," from the Butler men. Quiet was soon restored. Judge Hoar said the case was regarded simply as a question of evidence, and that established the fact that the anti-Butler men were obliged to leave the room. Mr. Carter of the minority ittee argued in favor of the sitting members. The vote was taken by counties, and as the question was o sidered one which would show the strength of the Butler and Washburne men, much interest was manifested in THE FIRST TEST VOTE.

Those in favor of the Butler men voted for the minority report, and those opposed against. The whole vote was 1,007. For Butler men, 400; against, 607. This gave 147 unjority against Butler men. During the count, Gen. Butler sat upon the platform to get a better view of the situation. The result of this test vote was received with and applause and enthusiastic cheering on the part of the Washburns men, and seemed to astonish the Butler

### A VERY THIN BUTLER SUBTERFUGE. Gen. Butler at once took the floor, and said :

Gen. Butler at once took the floor, and said:
Idesire now to bring to the attention of the Conventions a fact that has been brought to my knowledge, and idesire that the officers at the door of the Convention that testify whether it is so or not, viz.: that on the poing out of the delogates at noon from the hall the poing out of the delogates at noon from the hall the breaks ran short some hundred or more in number; that is to say, when the delogates came in they gave up their tickets and before the delogates had all gone out the tickets were exhausted. Now I downer that that fact be inquired into because, if it be true, there would be unauthorized gersons in the hall. I sek the President to inquire of the afficers at the door if such is the fact.

A BALLOT FOR GOVERFOR.

A BALLOT FOR GOVERNOR. The matter was allowed to drop for the time being, and after some motions which were ruled out had been made, Mr. Rice of Worcester moved that a committee of one be appointed to receive, sort, and count votes for a candidate for Governor on an informal ballot. Cries of Formal!" came from all sections, and Mr. Rice changed to a formal vote. A committee was a proceedings "Yormal." came from an escending and are recently in the a formal vote. A committee was appointed, as it to a formal vote. A committee was appointed, as it is a formal vote. Butler immediately sought his friends for imministe consultation, as the case looked rather duble haliots were distributed at ouce, and at 9 m cuts of 11 the voting began by counties, the delegates passing over the platform in regular ord

wary soon after the voting began, the Chair cautioned all delegales to remain in the hall after voting, as in ome counties there might be more yotes than were allowed under the call. Upon this, Gen. Butler jumped up and renewed his assertion about unauthorized persons it the hall, but met with a universal rebuke, and got down again, the Chair declaring the motion out of order.

During the progress of the bailot it was found that Gen. Butler's insignation about unauthorized voters, which he bases upon the fact that the doorkeepers of the Convention in returning tickets to the delegates as they passed out, found themselves with an insufficient supply, seasily related by the policemen, to whom he refers. In addition to the honorary members of the Convention and the reporters who were admitted by the rear entraposs, the officers say there were a score or more o clergymen of Worcester and neighboring places, all whom were furnished with special tickets In leaving the Hall most of the latter class quite in gaving the that most of the factor class (in a sample went out by the front entrance, and the door-keepers, being, of course, unable to distinguish them nom the delegates, handed them tickets which they accepted, without being aware of the result. When the tickets were exhausted there were about 100 in the hall, only about 20 of whom were entitled to delegates' cards, the others being members of the State Central Committee and representatives of the press.

WASHBURNE NOMINATED. The result of the ballot was as follows: Whole number of votes, 1,116; necessary for a choice, 559; Wm. B. Washburne, 643; Benj. F. Butler, 464; A. H. Rice, 1; G. B.

The result was greeted with a storm of applause, which lasted five minutes, and cheers were given for Mr. Wash-There were 11 more votes cast in some of the counties than the counties were allowed, but that did not

One O'Clock .- The resolutions in brief favor the honest payment of the public debt, reduction of taxation, and civil pervice peform, commend the acts of the Administration, declare against all class distinctions, orge legislation in the interest of ship-building, recognize the loy-aity and patriotism of woman, declare that the womansuffrage movement should receive careful and respectful

consideration, and compliment Gov. Claffin. "BUTLER WILL NOT BOLT."

Gen. Butler came forward and said: "Butler will not bolt! Gentlemen of the Convention, I suppose it may not be unisteresting for you to know my views of the result of to-day's work, and if it please you that I shall state it, I feel myself allowed so to do. [Cries of 'Le 'Go on.'] After the retirement of Gov. Claffin from the canvass, I allowed my name to be before the Commonwealth, and, when I juaged it necessary, followed such considerations as seemed to me fi is order to induce some reform in the Republican party. How I was met is a matter of history-met by the press; met by the organization established by the patronage of the State Government; met eren by the Senatorial delegation in Congress, which de tended into the arena of State politics; met even by waseef my colleagues. I endeavored to treat them each me and all, as Republicans. I endeavered to hold high be banner of the Republican party. I entavored, as far as in me lay, to so coduct the party as to lead to its greatest testulpess. I was then met by men who threatened to bolt the nomination of the Republican party in case I judgment, in repudiating the action of any Convention which men should vote and declare their determination to bolt before I submitted my than they are. [Applause.] Having seen that this Convention has been conducted generally in the spirit of fairness, that there was as little of frauds and mistakes as can be incident to any Convention, and having fairly submitted my claims to it, and not believing that the great heart of the people of the State ever agreed for a moment to the declarations made by my realous opponents, I feel myself bound by its decision as a man of honor. [Applause.] Perhaps with that I have said enough. But there is one thing I cannot forget to say, and that is to give from the very depth of my soul and heart my thanks-nay, thank is a cold word-my most grateful emotions, to the almost 500 men that stood true to me by day and by night, even unto midnight, against all promises, threats, and blandishments whatever. To you I am grateful. [Three cheers for Butler."] No man ever had such friends before, and ne man will ever labor more to deserve them than I will. And inside of the Republican purty-inside, I say-the fight go on for its rejuvenation, for its purification, for the advancement of labor, for the suppression of vice, and for its great mission. And I say to my friends that, while we yield entirely to the organization, as we are bound to do, that in that commission we go on and labor still be the t as beinging for which we started out, and source as there is truck and justice in the people of the Combes weards, just as sure sooner or later we shall attain a new for the imisens coursesy and kindness with which I have been treated this day, allow me to give you such and all the thanks and hards congrature. give you each and all my thanks, and hearty congratustion on your success; which is not weakened by the tet of my III second. There are things more to be desired than public office, more to be be desired than postion, and the only thing I tarry with my is the hadness and fidelity of my friends, and the control of the c

the contract was renominated, with the exand marly retirement of Earl s of Ireland, has been circulating Contract with the Marquis of Hartde of alternately suppressing also upon the Irish policy to a said to be at the bottom of the Wiceroy takes the more than a Gladstone's policy requires the tone's policy requires the influence in Dublin Castic.

and the coursess in bearance and kindness the great capting of my opposition; and believe that, whatever my have been the cought of my work, so far as I am

soorned, the tpast with which I act and have acted

m, to so be used and do that, so that this Com-

party, as represented in this

will undertake to later its own errors, as it ought to de; and let me, in closing, ask each and all

GENERAL POLITICAL NEWS. VIRGINIA REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

THE PARTY UNITED-A NEW PLAN OF ORGAN-

IZATION ADOPTED. RICHMOND, Sept. 27 .- The Republicans of Virginia met in State Convention to-day, the object being to adopt a plan of organization and platform for the legislative campaign now about to open. In the east, such Conventions have toe frequently, in this 8 seen marked by scenes of disorder, but it was eviden on the assembling of the delegates this morning that better spirit now prevailed, at least so far as could b vinced by a general determination to do all the

A caucus was therefore held, when the contending wings agreed who should be the officers, and who should be appointed on the important committees. The Hon. C. H. Porter was made permanent President, the Hon. W. H. H. Stowell, Chairman of Committee on Credentials and the Hon. John F. Lewis of the Com mittee on Business. During the morning ses sion several persons offered resolutions indorsing President Grant, but all were referred, although evidently in accordance with the sense of the Convention. One series proposed Gen. Grant and the Hon. John F. Lewis of Virginia for President and Vice-President in 1872, but it was lost. The striking feature of the morning session laring that the Old Line Whigs are the natural allies of the Republican party in sympathy and principle, although not so in the South in name ; and cordially inviting all such to come into the Republican fold, and participate in any benefits that may accrue

This proposition was greatly applauded, and will prove popular in the opening campaign. Speeches were made by Col. Ordway, Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Rep resentatives, and Col. Hinton, Secretary of the Republican Congress Executive Committee. Col. Ordway's complimentary remarks about Gen. Butler were greatly applauded by the negro members. At night an elaborate and apparently efficient plan of party organization was

The platform adopted reaffirms the devotion to the principles of the Republican party as announced at the Chicago Convention, and pledges the party in Virginia to the support of a tariff which, while securing the necessary revenue, shall give incidental protection to American industry; a national banking system, affording a safe and uniform currency, and absolute security to bill-holders: the policy of extending Government States in improving their rivers and harbors; the absolute payment of obligations of the Government, and a sufficient yearly reduction of the national debt to convince the world o our determination to ultimately extinguish it, while at the same time we carefully avoid burdening the people with onerous and unnecessary taxation; heartily indorse the administration of President Grant, and are unanimously in favor of his renomination in

The Convention also adopted a platform of State policy embodying a spirited arraignment of the Democratic Legislature of Virginia for increasing taxation unduly, reviving the whipping-post, enlarging the powers of county judges, and excluding the colored man from the

A resolution was also passed calling upon Congress give better facilities for the removal of causes from State to Pederal Courts. The Convention adjourned at 11:30 p. m., after a most harmonious session. It was the best representative assemblage of the party ever held in Virginia.

## · OHIO.

THE DAYTON SOLDIERS GRANTED THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 27.—Attorney-General Pond decides that the inmates of the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, who have resided in the State a year, and have no other residence therein than the Asylum, have a legal right to vote at the poll of the township in which the Asylum is situated, since the passage of the act of Congress of Jan. 21, 1871.

### THE ELECTION IN NEW-MEXICO. OFFICIAL VOTE FOR DELEGATE.

The following is the full vote of New-

fexico in the late election	Rep.	Botting Rep.	Gall-gos.
Bernatillo	. 743	****	709
Santa Ana	276	72	48
8 nta Fé	110	619	747
San Miguel	256	14:18	842
Mora	367	202	1241
Colfax	907		329
Rio Arriba	544	160	795
Rio Africa	759	20	471
Taos	051	21	358
Valencia	. 931	24	729
Socorro	. 470	4111	
Lincoln	. 23	****	285
Grant	103	2	173
Dona Ana	478	0.000	763
are an annual contract of the			
Total	5.285	2.534	7.670
Total vote in 1869: 14,367	· total	vote in 187	1: 15,48
allegos over Chaves, 2,	208 . 13	enves and	Sena ove
allegos, 149. Majority fo	1000	and the print i	nno.

# NATIONAL COLORED CONVENTION.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 27 .- The National Colored Convention this morning, after the closing speech by Mr. Mahoney of Indiana, came to a vote on the majority report of the Business Committee on the subject of amnesty, which was adopted unanimously. The report reaffirms the National Republican piatform of 1868. The Business Committee then reported a series of resolutions, taking strong grounds in favor of the Republican party and nominating Gen. Grant for the next President.

### JOINT TEMPERANCE COMMITTEE. MEETING IN SYRACUSE-AN APPEAL TO REPUB-LICANS

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 27.-The Committee of Conference appointed by the State Temperance So ciety, the Grand Lodge of Good Templars, and the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of Eastern New-York, held a joint session at the new Temperance Hotel this evening. A. S. McCollum was appointed Chairman, and the Rev. S. B. Dickinson, Secretary. An invitation was extended to all the friends of local prohibition who ere present to take part in the deliberations of the Committee. The following resolutions were adopted:

Committee. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That a sub-committee of three be appointed to ask the Republican State Convention, which is to assemble to-day, to reindorse focal prohibition, as advocated by the organization represented on the Joint Committee, consisting of the Hon. John O'Donnell, the Rev. 5. B. Dickinson, and Dr. J. C. Gallup.

Resolved, That it is the imperative duty of every temperance elector to support and vote only for such candidates for Senstors and Assemblymen as are known to favor local prohibition.

favor local prohibition.

\*\*Resolved, That all temperance organizations of whatever name are earnestly requested to cooperate in a united effort to secure the enactment of the proposed

law.

After considerable informal discussion in reference to future meetings, the form of a law and plans for circulating petitions to the Legislature, the Joint Committee took a recess until 5½ o'clock this afternoon.

# POLITICAL NOTES.

The Philadelphia voting lists show a total of 155,656, or an increase of 6,532 since last year.

The Omaha Herald figures up the majority n that State, against the new Constitution, at 894 Gen. Thomas Ewing, jr., has made another

speech in Cincinnati on National Labor Reform. The most of the discourse was devoted to an attempt at reply to the late speech of Gen. Sherman. The total expenses of the City Government

of San Francisco, including salaries, public buildings, repairs, etc., for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1871, were \$2,819,617 15. And the newspapers grumble at municipal extravagance. The Rochester Union (Dem.) calls Gov. Hoffman

to account for his partial repudiation of the Democratic heresy. The editor says:

heresy. The editor says:

"As Gov. Hoffman thus assumes a position in direct opposition to the National and State Democratic platforms upon which he was elected in 1888, in direct opposition to the State Democratic platform upon which he was reflected in 1870, and in direct opposition to his own views declared upon the stump when a successful-candidate before the people for the office he holds, it is at least due to those who nominated him, and supported him, and elected him upon those platforms and those views that he should give his reasons for thus adjuring a plain, unequivocal article of the Democratic creed."

As election is to be held in Rhode Island on An election is to be held in Rhode Island on

the 5th of October for the purpose of voting on some amendments to the State Constitution relative to the amendments to the State Constitution relative to the right of suffrage. At present apy native male citizen of the United States who has resided in the State a sufficient time, and paid a tax of at least it within a year previous to any election, may vote at that election; but naturalised citizens, in order to become voters, must previously become freeholders, by possessing unincumbered real estate, worth at least \$134. It is now proposed to extend the right of suffrage to all citizens of the United States, whether native or foreign-born, who can read the State Constitution, except that no person shall be allowed to vote on any proposition involving the expenditure of money, nor for members of the Common Council of the City of Providence, unless he nas within a year paid a tax on property valued at at least \$134. There is no doubt that the amendments will be adopted.

LOCAL.

Lewis Francis, colored, is nominated as constable in the Second Ward, Newark, N. J. The German Independent Organization of FOREIGN NEWS.

tions: Sheriff, Wm. Van Keuren; Coroners, Thomas Wandle, E. J. Loewenthal and Dr. Briegier.

The German Democratic Committees of the DISRAELI'S Tenth and Twelfth Wards, at their meetings last night indersed the action of the German Democratic Genera Committee in opposing the Tammany Ring. The Republican primaries of Hudson County LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 27, 1871.

N. J., were held last night, resulting in a large vote in all the districts. In the IIId Assembly District Benjamin Van Riper withdrew his adherents from the Rofman Catholic Institute, and adjourned to Turner's Hall. A meeting to ratify the nomination of Cor selius Walsh, the Republican candidate for Governor of

Hudson County, N. J., has made the following nomina

New-Jersey, was held at the Opera House, Newark, las New-Jersey, was need at the Opers House, Newark, last evening. John W. Taylor presided, and Senator Prelinghuysen made the principal address. He urged upon the audience the importance of setting saide narrow prejudices and throwing all their weight into the election of the candidates. He referred to Mr. Waish's early career as having fitted him for the office. He had proved through hardship his integrity and uprightness. John C. Davidson also made an address.

The 1Id Assembly District Democratic Concention of Westchester County, at White Plains, yester day (T. K. Downing, Chairman), elected the Hon. Clark on N. Potter a delegate to the Democratic State Conven son R. rotter a using ste to the Democratic State Conven-tion, with Stephen A. Marshall as alternate; Stephen A. Marshall, a delegate to the Judicial Convention, with Judge Hart as alternate, and Benjamin Heceman, G. W. Davida, A. O. Wilsea, Jonathan Purdy, and Darius Lyon, delegates to the Senatorial Convention. The delegates were instructed to vote for Joseph F. Barnard for Justice of the Supreme Court, and the Hon. Wm. Cauldwell for State Senator.

In accordance with the resolution passed at the last meeting of the Democratic Reform (O'Brien) Democracy elections for delegates to a General Committee were held, last evening, in the different Wards, and passed off generally without disturbance. In the majority of the Wards the elections seemed to excite but a very languid interest, and the voice cast were very light. Among the more prominent delegates elected are: Max Goepp, Wm. H. Wickham, Abram L. Lawrence, Loander Burk, David M. Kohler, Gen. Christian Schwarzwalder, Charles Johnson, William C. Barrett, George W. McLean, Jenkins Van Schalck, Nicholas Fisher, Wm. D. Booth, Isaac W. England, Samuel G. Courtney, Matthew Burns, Nicholas Judge, ex-Sheriff O'Sfrien, Henry Hughes, John Hart, J. Nelson Tappen, William Campbell, Joseph Meyers, and Benjamin Wood. tee were held, last evening, in the different Wards, an

## WASHINGTON.

THE NEW BONDS AND THE NATIONAL BANKS-ACCOUNTS OF DEFAULTING REVENUE OFFICERS. IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE!

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Sept. 27, 1871. Only \$10,000 of the bonds of the funded loan sub scribed for by the National banks in exchange for Five I wenties yet remain to be sent off. By the 5th proxime this amount of bonds will have all been signed, and the last subscription filled.

The National banks are rapidly responding to th recent order of the Secretary of the Treasury, and are withdrawing their five-twenty bonds deposited with the Pressurer of the United States as a security for their circulation, and are placing in their stead the bonds o the new funded loan. About \$300,000,000 of five-twentie have been held in trust for banks up to theissue of the order above alluded to, since which \$90,000,000 have been withdrawn and canceled.

Workmen commenced laying the basement walls of the new State Department, to-day. It is proposed to press the work forward vigorously, and to have the entire basement story and a wall completed during the present season. It is understood that imposing ceremonies will take place at the laying of the corner-stone, when, it is expected, Secretary Fish will deliver an address suitable

to the time. A considerable number of ex-revenue officers have re cently settled their accounts with the Government, some paying their differences in full, while others were allowed to compromise by their bondsmen paying parts of balances due. Some balances never will be collected into the Treasury. An old balance or about \$500,000, that of Gen. James Steadman, deceased, will, it is said, never be paid. Commissioner Douglass and Acting Attorney-General Bristow had a long conference yesterday relative to the prosecution of numerous revenue cases now pending, and it was agreed that where satisfactory settlements were not speedily made the cases should go to the courts for adjustment.

Reports in the Government departments show the singular fact that while much progress has been made in bringing about improvements in the manufacture of most kinds of spirits, gin is produced to-day by the same method adopted years ago. The distillation of the pure article is principally carried on in Connecticut, and under the prescribed formula used over a half century ago in Holland. A wast quantity of an article called gin, however, is made from highwines or whisky, flavored with juniper berries, and then put upon the market and sold as "Pure Holland Gin." cently settled their accounts with the Government, some

# THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

PAYMENT OF THE TEACHERS-THE SUPERIN-TENDENT'S REPORT.

President Smyth of the Department of Public Instruction announced to the Commissioners, yesterday, that Francis A. Palmer, President of the Broadway Bank, had advanced the requisite funds, and that the teachers would be paid to-day. The thanks of the Commissioners were tendered to Mr. Palmer. Amos G. Hull, in a communication, said that bills against the Depart ment to the amount of \$12,000 had been placed in his hands for collection, but that he did not wish to enter into any litigation. The subject was referred to the rinance Committee, with power. The sum of \$7,290 was appropriated to pay the salaries of the school-teachers under the charge of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction. An evening school was ordered for Carmansville. Superintendent of Schools made the following

To the Honorable the Board of Public Instruction—GRELLERS:
The undersigned respectfully reports that since the opening of the schools on the 11th inst. they have all been visited, by himself or ble assistants, and an inspection made of their conuttion and general organization, and of the attendance of pupils therein.

The whole number of pupils present on the day of opening was as

	number of				
In the B	ors' Gramme	. Schoo	ls	 	14.463
In the G	ors' Gramma	r Schoo	is	 	13.239
In the le	e many black	of monta		 	30.001
In the P	rimerr School	da		 	10,000
In the Co	olored Schoo	S	******	 **********	661
	g in the sage				

Making in the signegate.

Last year the number of pupils present at the opening session was 79.673, or 425 less than the number above reported.

The whole number of pupils present in all the schools at the last session in July, previous to closing for the vacation, was 63,350, while in July, 1870, it was 65,496.

Since the 11th inst. the returns submitted to me show that 15,553 pupils have been admitted into the various schools, many of them, however,

July 1870, it was 65.496.

Since the 11th in at the returns submitted to me show that 15.550 pupils have been admitted into the various schools, many of them, however, transfers from other schools, and, therefore, not increasing the agergate number of punits under instruction this many of these new admissions are young children placed in classrated to be for the first time, and thereby increasing the attendanced to be lower grade of the Primary Departments and schools are joined to the former are consequently overcrowded, and, since the opening, 426 pupils have been refused admission into these should be consequence of a want of accommodation. The whole number of pulls refused admission for this cause in all other schools was only 30, of the pulls refused admission for this cause in all other schools was only 30, of the first of the pulls refused admission for this cause in all other schools was only 30, of the first of the pulls refused admission for this cause in all other schools was only 30, of the first of the pulls refused admission for this cause in all other schools was only 30, of the first of the pulls of the

clearised, characteric, and such cleaning, &c., should be done without delay.

It is my dart to report that the schools of the Righth Ward were dismissed on the lith inst. at 12½ m., and failed to assemble in the aftermion context to the general provision of the regulating the sessions of the schools. Primary Schools Nos. 2 and 4, the Primary Department of Colored School No. 2 and Colored School No. 5 were also dismissed before the proper time. All other schools under the charge of this Board continued their sessions until 3 of clored school No. 5 were also dismissed before the proper time. All other schools under the charge of this Board continued their sessions until 3 of clored a required by law.

I congratulate the Board on the large streat lance of peptia and the anapticious commencement in other respects, and suchers connected with their care and instructions.

I lead the schools, and the schools, and trust that the efforts of the beachers, and all others connected with their care and instructions.

The Trustees of the College of the City of New-York met, and directed that the sailuries of the professors and tenderers, amounting to \$25,000, he paid. A requisition was made upon Controller Connolly for \$12,000, to pay other appropriations.

# WEATHER REPORT.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEP. 27, 1871—7 p. m.

Sunopsis for the past heenty-four hours.

The barometer has fallen feeidedly at the Rocky Mountain stations. The high pressure north of Missouri has extended its influences south-eastward to the Guif. The pressure continues quite low in Florids, where clouds and light rain continue. The low barometer in New-England has apparently extended eastward, and a second area of low pressure, with brisk westerly winds, is reported from Lake Ontario. This latter has probably come from Lake Superior, with which region telegraphic communication has been interrupted for a week. Prosh north-west winds are reported from the lakes, and northerly winds in the Guif States, except Southers Florids. Partially cloudy and clear weather has generally prevailed to-day.

Rising barometer with pleasant weather is probable for Thursday for the Southern and Guif States, and failing barometer with cloudy weather in the North-West. The storm on Lake Ontario will probably move eastward, and extend to Maine during the day.

HORRIBLE MURDER IN TENNESSEE. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 27.—About 11 o'clock yesterday afternoon Sarah Hamblin, wife of John C.

Hamblin, left her home, on horseback, to visit son friends in the country, and not ceturning before night a measenger was sent for her, when it was discovered tha she had not reached her destination. Search being made her dead body was found in a cornfield about two mile from her nome, with her throat cut. She had evidently been ravished and then murdered. The horse was found running loss. There is much excitement, and every effort will be made to find the perpetrators of this bold, foul crime.

GREAT BRITAIN.

RAELI'S SPEECH MISINTERPRETED — THE QUEEN'S HEALTH — RELIEF FOR THE SUF-FERERS FROM THE WEST INDIA MURRICANES.

The Pall Mall Gazette denounces The Daily elegraph of this morning for the misinterpretati sentence in Mr. Disraeli's speech in regard to the Que as flagrantly dishonest as ever appeared in an English ournal. It declares that if Mr. Gladstone Meps such ompany as the editors of that journal, none but the will follow him.

The health of Queen Victoria has not improved. Mr. ladstone is paying her a visit at Balmoral. A vessel named the Mushroom was run down and sunk yesterday by the steamer Eagle, and two persons

drowned. Subscriptions to the amount of £1,000 have been raised in London for the sufferers by the hurricane and earth-

quake on the island of Antigua. The Princess of Wales returned to England to-day from he Continent. The Daily News expresses the hope that Mr. Ashbury's

acht Livonia will meet with fair play in American

waters, and not be jockeyed out of any triumphs which of right belong to her. The relatives of the Fenian informer Talbot, who was shot and killed several months ago by a man named Kelly, have preferred a claim for £3,000 against the City of Dublin, as compensation for his death at the hands of

### AUSTRIA.

THE EMPEROR JOSEPH ABOUT TO ABDICATE.

VIENNA, Wednesday, Sept. 27, 1871. A rumor is current here that the Emperor Francis Joseph is seriously disposed to abdicate. The cause assigned is despondency at his conscious unfitness for the constitutional crisis, which threatens the dissolu tion of the Austrian Empire.

## THE PEACE CONGRESS.

A NOISY SESSION-THE COMMUNE DEPENDED.

LAUSANNE, Wednesday, Sept. 27, 1871. The session of the Peace League Congress, to-day, was tumultuous. Many of the speakers defended the acts of the Paris Commune.

### CUBA.

THE PRESENT STATE OF THE INSURRECTION. IPROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

HAVANA, Sept. 16 .- One of the most original things offered to the impartial observer in this land of sugar and tobacco is the sudden change in the opinions those who call themselves Conservatives and Liberals at the same time. They believe the Cuban insurrection completely ended and the Republic destroyed, and the least news of defeat of the Spanish forces, or the invasion of a part of the territory already pacified, fills them with fear. To the sensation caused among the Spaniards success of the landing of the expadition of Queseda, succeeded that the territory comprising the Villas, Espiritu were entirely pacified, Santo and Moron therefore the fear that the Republicans would suddenly appear in the Western Department was removed, because the Spaniards considered the trocha impassable, separating as it does the Camaguey and Oriente from the rest of the island. But it happened that, in spite of the oasted trocha, the patriots again invaded Moron, Espiritu Santo, and the Villas, and then the Volunteers becam dismayed and completely discouraged.

The jurisdiction of Villa-Clara has been invaded by the forces of the Republican Commander Fernaudo Socar-ras; and if what the Spaniards say is true, the invading forces were going to the Crenaga de Zapata, a place of great importance on account of its proximity to the valuable sugar plantations of the Western Department. When all believed that in Trinidad there was perfect security, suddenly a Republican force appeared in the vicinity, seized several citizens and soldiers, and killed six of the latter. Other bands have also appeared in the same region; the most important are those under Jose Vera and Ciriace Lasa, who was once a slave of the deceased planter, Sefor Cantere. A great many persons have been imprisoned, suspected of sympatitizing with the Republicans. In the same place the Spanish soldier Placide Lopez Garcia was shot for having wounded an officer. In the jurisdiction of Remedica and Esperitu Santo have also appeared forces under the known and hold Emilio Espinosa. In the latter place and southward it seems there are great numbers of Republicans, judging from the news given by the Spaniards, that the "Guias de Rodus" had killed 15 men in an engagement. Considering the policy adopted by the Cubaus, it is probable that the forces engaged in the fight were six of the latter. Other bands have also appeared in the judging from the news given by the Spaniards, that the "Guisa de Rodas" had killed IB men in an engagement. Considering the policy adopted by the Cubius, it is probable that the forces engaged in the fight were considerable. People who are acquainted with the country, and sympathize with the Cubans, say that the Republic and forces were commanded by Villegas and a Spaniard named Villamir, who, since February, 1869, has been in the service of the Republic, loved and respected by all. It is reported by the same persons that Lico Peña (reported as killed a long time axo) is now in the neighborhood. He had gone to Camaguey to get some arms and munitions of war brought over by the expeditions lately landed; having obtained them, he recrossed the celebrated trocha, proving thus its inutility. The trocha was the hope of the Spaniards, and the bage of the military combinations of Vaimaseda, whose inilitary genius has not yet shown itself during this campaign.

On the other side of the trocha, women, children, and old men, suffering sickness and starvation, have surrendered to the Spanish troops, together with some few men who can bear arms, but who lack the undanted couragenessary to bear privations of every kind. In the East dered to the Spanish troops, together with some few mean who can bear arms, but who lack the undaunted courage necessary to bear privations of every kind. In the Eistern Department, Maximo Gomez, a Dominican Republican General, and the most distinguished of all who fight for the independence of this island, bravely and successfully attacked several places, chiefly in Guautanamo, and burned to ashes valuable Spanish property, carrying with him many slaves and provisions. Vincente Garcia and Modesto Diaz do not remain idie, nor Jesus Perez, whose forces are the best organized in the liberating army. In Tunas and the surrounding country the Republican clement is very strong, and the Cuban ranks have been increased by additions from among the Spanish soldiers. The following proclamation, issued by the Captain-General, shows that the Spanish addiers are not as faithful as they are represented:

lowing proclamation, issued by the Captain-General, shows that the Spanish oldiers are not as faithful as they are represented:

"To the Insurgent Bands of Tunas: The resources of this jurisdiction being so exhausted, and it being at a great distance from the active operations of the armies, you have been enabled to enjoy a relative tranquillity which he who is in open rebellion against the laws must not expect to last forever. For you has arrived the time of expisition. It is necessary that the assassins of our sick soldiers receive their punishment; it is necessary that the dead soldiers unburied by you should have earnest companions ready to punish those profanations; and, with this object, I have issued orders to all the columns to surround you everywhere. Only a true and sudden repentance may mitigate your faults and diminish the punishment you merit; lay down your arms before the first forces attacking you, or take the consequences of your stubbornness. And you who, badly advised, descried from the army to appear in the insurrection, seize those you call your chiefs to-day, and deliver them up to the first troops you see in your front, avoiding in this way the penalty the ordinances impose upon you. There is a way for you yet which may lead you to the home of your fathers; take it, or suiler the penalty fixed in the military code to deserters in campaign."

The activity observed among the Cubans is owing to

which may lead you to the following the content of the externs in campaign."

The activity observed among the Cubans is owing to the expeditions landed by Codina, Quesada, and Aguero. The Spannsh papers have not said a word about the first and the last, and this leads me to believe that they did not know of the landing in time. There are some fears entertained in the jurisdiction of Colon—one of the richest of Cuba—caused by the discovery of many tin boxes of petroleum and some other objects good for setting fire to the plantations. The people assert that these objects belong to runaway slaves. As long as the Cubans do not form a strong army in the Eastern Department, an army which will act under the command of a general-inchelf, so that they may with success fight pitched battles, they will have to wait for some time before they gather the fruits of liberty. They want arms and amminition more than men, and when they have these things they may afford to give up the policy of destroying houses and sugar plantations.

# THE FOREST FIRES IN WISCONSIN.

THE SHORE OF LAKE MICHIGAN DEVASTATED-HOUSES, STORES, AND PIERS DESTROYED-THE CONFLAGRATION STILL IN PROGRES MILWAUKEE, Sept. 27 .- Later news from the

fire raging along the coast of Lake Michigan between Manitowoc and Abuapee, states that the flames are sweep ing away houses, barns, stores, and piers in its course. Henry Marshall of this city, who escaped through the fire at the risk of his life, and whose horses were badly scorched, counted 22 houses and barns reduced to ashes. The losses in Kewanee County will reach a quarter of a million of dollars. The families are burying their household goods in the ground to save them. As all commun off, the exact situation cannot be secretained, but it is feared that, unless rain sets in, the damage and loss of life will be fearful. The wells are all dried up, and the Lake is the only resort for water.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 27 .- A tremendous fire is raging in the timber of the Bog Cottonwood Mining District. The town of Silver Springs narrowly escaped destruction. Three entire townships were swept by the flames. Several valuable mills are still in danger.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

A FOREST FIRE IN UTAH.

ALBANT, N. Y., Sept. 27 .- The Episcopal Diocesan Convention met in St. Peter's Church this morning.
The attendance was large. The morning prayer was preceded by the assembling of the clergy at the resi-dence of the Rector of St. Peter's Church, the Rev. Wm. H. Anively, where they walked in procession, clothed in their usuar robes, to the church, where religious services were hold. At the close of the services the Convention organized for the business meeting. The following are the edicers of the Convention: the kt.-Rev. Wm. Croswell

Doane, S. T. D., President; the Rev. George C. Pennell, Secretary; the Rev. George Fisher, Amistant-Secretary; and S. E. Marvin, Treasurer. After a short period opens in transacting routine business, a recess was taken till 3 p. m. This evening a missionary meeting will be held, when addresses will be made by this Bishop, clergy, and laity. About 80 clergymen and 200 lay delegates will be in attendance at the Couvention. Among the distinguished clergymen present is the Lord-Bishop of Nassau, N. P. At the afternoon session various Committees were appointed.

A REFORM IN EPISCOPAL CHURCH POL-ITICS.

THE DIOCESAN CONVENTION-AN INDEPENDENT

TICKET.

diocese, and Bishop Quintard of Tennessee were present in the chancel. The sermon, preached by the Rev. George H. Houghton, D. D., was an exhortation to the members of the Convention to act in a spirit of unity and brotherly love. After the sermon Bish istered the Communion. The Convention itself was

brotherly love. After the sermon Bishop Potter administered the Communion. The Convention fixelf was called to order at 2 o'clock p. m., the Bishop of the diocese presiding, and the afternoon session was devoted to the organization of the body. Many of the delegates from the country had falled to arrive in time to attend this session, and the roil of members was, therefore, incomplete. The Rev. William E. Elgenbrodt, D. D., was retained as Secretary, and Gen. George W. Morrell and Mr. Buggles were appointed a Committee on Credentials. The only matter of interest at the session was the refusal of the applications for admission to the diocese of Grace Church, Milliprook, Dutchess County, and the free Church of St. Mary the Virgin. The refusal to adult these churches was based, in the first case, on non-compliance with certain legal regulations, and in the second case, on the ground that the tenets held by the church were not explicitly stated. The most interesting event of the Convention was the informal meeting held last night by some of the members, in the Sunday-school room of St. Ann's Church. Eighteenth-st. The meeting was sert of general caucus of members, without reference to church politics, held for the discussion of certain business features of the Convention. It seems that the election of discers of the Convention has heretofore been conducted in a method which many of the reverend and lay members of the Church in this diocese deemed objectionable. The Secretary consulted with the Bishop, and a few others whom he selected and acting on the advice thus gained, arranged the ticket himself. This ticket was longth by many that this was not in accordance with the spirit of progress which should animate the Church, and that beyond this it did not farily represent the Convention, inasmuch as it excluded the minority from any representation. A meeting was held on Tucaday night, and a committee was to report. The meeting was presided over by the Rev. Dr. Geers, rector of St. Timothy's Church. Prior to hearing t ing a caucus spoken of in disparaging terms, but the pre-valling impression was that a fair and manly discussion

M. Kingaland, Wm. H. Aspiewall.

Francisco Committee.

Clergy-Morgan Dit. D. D. William E. Eigenbredt, D. D., William F.
Morgan, D. D. Lasae H. Tuttle, B. D.

Loyene-Stephen F. Nash, Lloyd M. Wells, Heary Drisler, LL. D.,
This tricket embraces the names of clergymen and laymen of High Church, Broad, and Low Church proclivities. After the caucus members went to attend the reception held by Bishop Potter at his residence, No. 38
East Twenty-second-st.

"RING" ON THE WHITE EARTH RESERVATION -REMOVAL OF THE CHEROKEES IN NORTH

stating that he had received a dispatch from Indian

Col. Cox and friend Lang go to North Carolina to-mor row night to remove the Cherokees to the Indian Territory. Clothing and other supplies have already been forwarded. The Secretary of the Interior has sent these Indians an address through the Commission, assuring them of the continued protection, good faith, and kind-

# AFFAIRS IN UTAH.

IMPORTANT DECISION IN THE U. S. DISTRICT

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 27 .- In relation to the challenging and rejection of Elders George Q. Cannon, H. B. Clafson, and James Townsend, as grand jurors, they having testified that polygamy is one of the funda mental doctrines of the Church of which they are mem bers, that they believe that polygamy is a revelation from God to that Church, and that they do not believe that a man living in polygamy is guilty of adultery, Chief-Justice McKean has just pronounced the fellowing opinion:

"The sophism by which polygamy is sought to be justi-fled, as being in harmony with American civilization, is that polygamy is a religious practice; that religious tol-eration is one of the fundamental principles of American institutions and of the Federal Constitution, and that, therefore, polygamy is protected by the Constitution, and all laws enacted against it are unconstitutional. If the mass of the American people were barbarians or if and all laws enacted against it are unconstitutional. If
the mass of the American people were barbarlans, or if
the patriarchal or the tribal system of government prevalled among them, it is needless to say that our Constitution and institutions could not exist. It is not a little
humilinting that it should seem to be necessary to add
that our Constitution and institutions do not
require, nay do not permit the toleration of
any practice which wages war against the
existence of civilization. There have been religious
which have required the offering up of human sacrifices
to the sun, and the casting of infant children to the
crocodiles of the Ganges. But, if such deeds were done
in this country, is there in all the land one man so dishouset that he would attempt to justify them by the plea in this country, is there in all the land one man so dis-honest that he would attempt to justify them by the plea of religious teleration? But why waste time in discuss-ing such a proposition as that involved in this case? When the burgiar is a fit juror to inquire into the crime of burgiary; when the robber is a fit juror to inquire into the crime of larceny; when the assassin is a fit juror to inquire into the crime of mur-der, then the bigamist, who swears in substance that crimes are his religion, may be a fit juror to inquire into the crimes of bigamy and adultery. But, thanks to cen-turies of Christian civilization, that time is not now; and, judging from the steady progress of the human race, that time will never come. The challenge is sustained, and the three jurors named are rejected."

PERSONAL-BY TELEGRAPH.

The National Council of United American Me chanics has elected the following named officers for the essuing vent. National Conneilor, Aberr Sparta, New-York; Vice-Councilor, Harry P. Anderson, New-York; Secretary, A. S. Eccistrate of Pennsylvania; Treasurer, John Walker of Markad; Marshal, J. G. Robbins of Mannachments; and Protector, G. Renfew of Indiana.

The subject of woman's rights or wrongs or both, has even penetrated India; and the chi-claimer there is a lady bearing the very Hindooish of Bree Rungamba Garee, who lectures in the prin

THE STATE OF TRADE.

The annual Protestant Episcopal Convention of the Diocese of Eastern New-York opened yesterday at St. John's Church, in Varick-st. Bishop Potter of this

ing a caucus spoken of in disparaging terms, out the prevailing impression was that a fair and manly discussion of the matter, open to every one, was perfectly proper and in accordance with the spirit of the Church, inasmuch as the controversy did not trench on dectrinal points. The report of the Committee was finally read, it being previously explained that in making the ticket the placing of the same names on different Committees had been avoided as far as it was possible. The ticket was then read, and it was resolved to place it in nomination before the Conventions to-day. The following are the nominations:

DEFUNDED TO THE FROMENT CONNETT.

Clergy—Bed. T. Histiat, D. D.; Go. B. Drarer, D. D.; Caraelius E. Suipe, D. D.; S. A. Weshbare, D. D.; H. R. Dancan.

Laymen—Stephen P. Nish, floort B. Parrott, Gen Geo. W. Morrell.

Andrew E. Douglass, Charles Tract, James P. De Perster, Edward Hight, George C. Miller.

MISSIONARY CONNITTER.

Clergy—A. B. Beach, D. D., H. C. Potter, D. D.

Laymen—George C. Collins, James Pott, Hamilton Brace, William K. Majawall.

Franking Oswatity R.

Clergy—Mayram Dir, D. D., William F. Exceptorit, D. D., William F.

## THE INDIANS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27 .- Gen. John A. Logan ent a telegram to the Secretary of the Interior to-day Agent Wham at Fort Laramie, who represents that a "ring" is running the White Earth Reservation in Dakota Territory, and unless it is broken up, be, Agen Wham, fears serious trouble.

them of the Government,

It is understood that the papers in the Hodge Court

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It is understood the Hodge ness of the dotted that the papers in the House Countries and Martial case have been received at the War Department. It is by no means probable that the sentence will be promulgated until after its approval by the President. There is no doubt, however, that it will be made public at the earliest possible moment after the return here of mulgated until aft There is no doubt, it at the earliest possi Secretary Belkmap.

COURT-POLYGAMOUS JURORS REJECTED.

Prince Bismarck will remain in Berlin until see opening of the German Receistag, on the 14th of October.

... The Grand Lodge of the Locomotive Firemen's
Union has elected the following named officers for the ensuing year:
Grand Master, Henr Hapman of Schenectady, N. Y.; Vice-Grand Master, John Vipphan of Toronto, C. W.; Grand Secretary, Frank Luak of
Greenbush, M. Y.

The stock of the Higgins Nursery at Flushing, consisting of upward of 1,000,000 trees, will be sold at auction by Johnson & Miller, commencing Tuesday, Oct. 8, the sale to continue from day to day until the estire stock is disposed of. The nursery is an old one, and is well stocked with all varieties of fruit, ornamental and shade trees, including a large number of choice evargreens. There is also a large stock of evergreen, juniper and arbor vite trees, which are said to be the inest in the country. Nurserymen and others will find this an unusually favorable opportunity to replenish their stock. Persons desiring to attend the sale will take the North Shore Railroad via James-slip and Thirty-fourth-st.

MILWATURE, Sopi. 27.—Flore Stra, stock secret; Spring Raffe, as of 24 3 45 75. When springed from the little Strain Strai

LATEST SHIP NEWS.

Traveller, Newb

M. A. Predmors, Providence. Presto, Machina. H. A. Deming, Portland, Ct. Chas. P. Sticking, Pawtocke D. A. Berry, Providence. J. H. Barilett, Providence. Rumm & Elley, Harrford. Joseph Skinner, New-Hyen. Gölden Ragie, New-Bediumi. Hadnen, New-London.

a. New-Haven.

| For other Ship News see Third Page.] ARRIVED.

> W. S.), Mclatosh, Trinidad 19 days, etc. olgame.
>
> —RIVER AND GOASTWINE.
>
> Lizzle Kvams. Georgetow
> Adeltus Townsend, Green
> Hellis Henedict, Baltime
> W. C. Kelson. Virginia.
> Beltimere, Virginia.
> Tryall, Pall-River.

Mail, Greenwick.
American Ragic, Edga
Village Queen. Provide
Wind. Hartford.
Jan. Tiklen, Portland.
P. P. Bradt, New Hav
Benj, Raglidh, Haw-Bo
Julia A. Crawflad, Som
the tillness Reidenment.

Brainen,
Lancaster, Port Johnson.

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Hington, Port Johnson.

Johnst B. Smith, New B.

S. M. Westworth, Cale

Nightingale, Peoridone

Toke, Providence

T

Charter Wool J. R. McFee, SAVARNAN, Ga., Sept. 27.—Arr., vol. steamships ow York; Hansarille, from New York; wrecking state, from New-Sunyma, Pla., for New York for coall, g stematish, a Winamia, for New York; sohn Pran For New York; sohn Pran For New York; sohn Pran For New York; sohn Pran

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The Both German Libry steamships apt. Brast, from New York Sept. 18, and the Hansa, Capt. Breth off New York Sept. 18, and the Hansa, Capt. Breth off New York News. 18, touched at Sept. 18, and the Manner.

Wedding and Visiting Cards, Initial Stamping Hote Page VM. hvkmonth's Sons, 164 February. opp. Old Durch Caungs.

MARRIED

DISBROW-PERKINS—On Thursday, the Hat last, at the residence of the bride's parents. Fort Washington, N. T... by the Rev. Lowid 2-Coler, D. D., assisted by the Rev. Dr. Richard S. Dickinson, Mr. A. Lishrow of this city to Miss Lacy, daughter of Hosea B. Perkins

FROM PSON—CONOVER—Is New York. May 24, by the Rev. Wm. Akman, D. D., pastor of Spring-st. Prestyterian Church, W. A. Thompson to Lydid M. Conover, both of Freebold, N. J., pagers please copy.

All Notices of Marriages must be indorsed with full

DIED. educaday morning, Sept. 27, Cornelia Honey

well wife of James W. Alden.

Relatives and friends of the family, and members of the Stanton-st.

Baptist Couraby are reportfully invited to site of the famous from her
late residence. All Second-ave., on Saturday, 30th inst. at 3 p. m. BURDETT-On Wednesday, Sept. 27, Lorenzo D. Burdett, in the 59th year of his age.

age. friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral Friday, the 29th inst., at I o'clock p. m., from his late residence, 45 at Twenty-fifth st. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for NHER-Suidenly, on Saturday. 234 lost, at Spencer, Tioga Co., H., Y., James H., Puber, late of this city, us the 75th year of his age.

HOPPING—Mrs. Phebe W., relict of James P. Hopping, on Wednesday, 37th inst., in the 64th year of her age.
Functal sorrice will be held at 11 a.m., Friday, 29th inst., at her labe residence, Columbia, Morris Co., N. J.

SANDERSON—On Wednesday morning, Sept. 27, 1871, Harry Sanderson, in the 34th year of his age.

Funeral services from the Charch of the Messiah, corner Park-ave. and
Thirty-fourth-st. Friday morning, at 19 o'clock a. m. Relatives, friends,
and the musical protession are respectfully invited.

and the dissection for respectfully livited.

SCRIBNRE—In Lucerne, Switzerland, August 25, of typhoid fever,
Charles Saribner, aged 50 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully informed that the funeral will
take place on Friday. Sept. 29, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the Brick Church,
corner of Thirty-seventh-st, and Frith-ave.

Special Notices The Executive Committee of the CITIZENS and TAX-PAYERS for the FINANCIAL REFORM of the CITY and COUNTY

d. members of the Sub-Committee on Ways and Mer respectively source supersystoms to me rum for derivating the depth detailed of the above Committee of Seventy in performing the duty devolved open that Committee at the meeting held at the Cooper Union, or Monday evening, September 4, 1971. Such subscriptions may be sent to Busil Sauer, esq., Treasurer, at No. 120 Broadway; to either of the undersigned,

ntbority. New-York, Sept. 11, 1971. JAMES M. BROWN, ENRY CLEWS. SAM'L D. BABCOCK. B. B. SHERMAN. J. SELIGMAN,

WM. F. HAVEMETER, VICE-CLAIRMAN, 5

The Executive Committee of Citizens and Taxpayers for the Financial Reform of the City and County of New-York,—The Committee to Examine into the Alleged Fracion on the City and County of New-York carneally request all citizens who have a personal knowledge of facts which would be of service to the Committee, to send a written matement of the same, addressed to the Committee, FORLORGE BOY 2,312.

WILLIAM H. WICKHAM, Chauruman, JACKSON S. SCHULTZ, FREDK. SCHACK.

JUHN WHERLER, JOSHPH BLUMMSTHAL, ISAAC H. BALLEY.

J. J. O'DONOHUE, ISAAC H. BALLEY.

GERMAN STUDIES, by Hirsch. ENGLISH BELLES, from London Steree Company. BERLIN BELLES, from Loescher and others. LANTERN SLIDES, new, plain, and colored. SILK VELVET PASSE-PARTOUTS, newest styles. ENGLISH CELEBRITIES, choice collection

FRITH'S UNIVERSAL SERIES. Beautiful \$210 photos of all parts IMPERIAL PALACES AND ROME, by Lamy, very fine.

ALBUMS, CHROMOS, FRAMES, STEREOSCOPES, VIEW PONTIS MEGELE POSCOPES AND TRANS PARENCIES. E. & H. T. ANTHONY & Co.,

No. 591 BROADWAY, Opposite Metrope Life Association of America. OFFICE, 22 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Bafsty and fair return to policy-holders. Economy and energy in man-gement. All profits equitably divided among policy-holders. Policides non-forfeiting, fair sorrender value guaranteed by charter. Every State has one or more representatives in the General Board of WILLIAM BARNES, Actuary.

Bona Fide Bargaine!

White Prench China Dinner Scia, 157 picces, \$33; White French Ching Tea Scia, 45 picces, \$7 50; Colored Chamber Scia, 11 picces (Haglish good), \$4 50; Frony-handled Dinner Kaives (Sheffield make), \$7 50; the desen; Silver-planed Tea Scia, 6 picces best plate, handamely signated, \$25 50; Silver-plated Castors, 6 out bottles, \$5 50; Silver-plated Cabo Bankets, \$6. Also, a large ansertment of Chinace and Japanese goods.

Heventy-Sirst Hagimout Veteram Association.

the Armory THIS (Thursday) APTERMOON, so 2 o'clock, to participale in the reception of the United Train Artiflery. By order of

The Monting of the Englideen' Association will be bold.
THE SYRIEG SOR MAIN SERVICE THEORY.
THE SYRIEG SOR MAIN SERVICE THEORY.
THE THEORY OF THE STREET THE THEORY.
THE STREET STREET THE THEORY.

J. V. Hanstatt, Secretary. WARROCK & Co., 519 Broadway.

Pure Women has not be obtained by being the CURTES & SIGLOW
WATER FILE SEE STREET

Hendquarters for Single Walthum Watches,

Congestion of the Lungs arrested by using Journan's A.

BALEY—SI AGHT—On Tuesday, Sept. 26, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Richard Mercelish, Andrew J. Bailey to M. Emma, daughter of Henry L. Slaght, all of Breeklyn. He caria. BEOWER—HARTLEY—On Tuesday erening, Sept. 26, at the Madison-square Presbytorian Church, by the Rev. Isane S. Hartley of Philadet-pois, John teefoy Brower to Adelia C., roungest daughter of Robert M. Hartley, esq.

esq. No cards.

TAIT—MACARTHY—On Sept. 14, at Porsyth-st. M. R. Church, by
Rev. Goo. Stillman, John Goo. Tait and Annets Inoceptia Macarthy,

VAN RIPER-RIPLEY-On Sept. 27, by Rev. R. C. Sweetser, C. H. S. Van kiper to Grace Durling, daughter of Win, B. Ripley

DAV18-At Mystic, Coun., Sept. 26, Ezra P. Davis, in the 63th year of

1., James H. Fusher, late of this city, to the 12th year of his age.

HAINES—At Ponghkeepsie, on Second day morning, 13th inst., Franklin
Haines, in the 7tth year of his age.

Belatives and friends are invised to attend his funeral on Fifth day affections, the 22th, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 21 South
Hamilton-st. Carriages will be in waiting upon the arrival of the 10:28

o'clock train from New York.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

residence, Columbia, Morris Co., H. J.
JONES-On Wedneday, Rept. 27. Riins G., wife of Chas. H. Jones.
Relatives and friends of the lamily are respectfully invited to attend the
funeral from St. John's Courch, at Cold hyring, L. L., on Sacuraly, the
20th inst., at 3 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at brosses upon
the arrival of the train the leaves Hunter's Foint, at 5:30 a. m. Returning train leaves System at 5 p. m.

corner of Inny, eventues an interact.

Fig. On Wednesday, Sept. 27, Delos E. Titus, aged 41 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the factor

from 254 West Furtieth-st., on Priday, Sept. 29, at 1 o'clock.

of NEW-YORK:

PAUL N. SPOFFORD. WASHINGTON R. VERMILTE. JNO. A. STEWART, BUGENE BALLIN, HENRY G. STEBBINS, Chairman, WM. P. HAVEMEYER, Vice-Chairman, Br. Officio.

E. & H. T. Authony & Co., OPPOSITE METROPOLITAN HOTEL, No. 591 BROADWAY, Cell attention to the following novelties:
ROBINSON & CHERRILL'S CLOUD AND SEA REPECTS. Are ists prize them. All persons of taste should select some. They have on nived twenty-seven medals in Europe. INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION. Stereo, orquiste.

GRAPHOSCOPES, a fresh importation. ACTRESSES, by Serony, Gerney, Howell, Brady, CALLA LILY, an expulsite new chrome. QRUSHED BY ICEBERGS. Braiford.

CARDINAL PRINCIPLES:

NOTICE.—The members of the Association are reques

HARNY ROCKAPHERAR, Adjutant.

HARNY